

ROPOSALS,
AND CONRAD,
PHILADELPHIA,
AND
KENNEDY, SENIOR,
ALEXANDRA,
ishing by Subscription,
ERAL COLLECTION
S AND TRAVEL

plete History, of the
s of Discovery, by Sea
the earliest ages to the present
ed by Historical Intro
tical Catalogue of Books
Travels: And illustrated
numerous Engravings.

HN PINKERTON,
MODERN GEOGRAPHY, &c.
ONDITONS.
be handsomely printed
paper and with a new type
o press as soon as a sufficient
bers is obtained.
The work will be completed
volumes, each containing
nine hundred pages of let
veral elegant engravings,
a volume, or one number,
published in the first day
2 dollars, payable on deliv
sribers the price will be co
ed.

IPITIONS received by JAMES
Alexandria.

R WOOD'S
Washing Machine.
er continues to manufacture
a Patent Washing Machine
xperience proves to answer
ose, and for which the
He has already disposed of
tate of Maryland, and some
nia, and is willing to dispo
ties in the different states
the Potomac river, and also
of Louisiana. Masters in
it particularly useful.

C. NEWTON,
signee of Joseph Yarwood.

f Yarwood's useful Washing
Machine.
bers have found, on trial,
s Patent Washing Machine
e intended purpose of wash
try description, and do here
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bor and cloaths. Given un
day of June, 1809.

use, Cathinder Calder, Anna
a Abercrombie, Ruth De
attersby, Valinda Brown
Jane B. Swann, H. Dick
ille, Elizabeth Wilson, El
Nancy Kell, Sarah Kelsen
Manley, Mary Pendleton
in Fitzhugh, Mary Duffey.
o wishes to purchase ready
can be supplied by calling
or John Trout, who is now
em on Alfred street, Alex

by from 15 to 20 hands who
iners' business—also I will
ery Store at the Potomac
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The purchaser can have
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W.M. C. NEWTON.

T I C E.

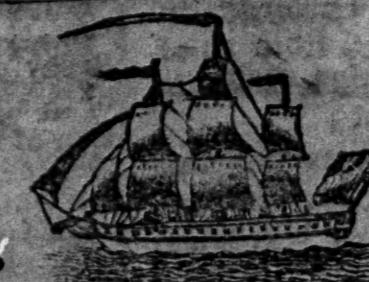
HEY having by his inde
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onveyed to the subscriber
state real personal & mix
the purpose of disposing of
ing the proceeds thereof
is debts—all those in
Elisha Janney, by bond, bill
ount, are hereby requested
e with Mr. Michael Cleary
e claims against the said
ased to render them within
late, to the said Cleary who
e said Janney's counting
ef, and is duly authorized

M. Scott, Trustee
24

OR SALE,
ARM, near this to W.
will be very accommodat
by WALTER JONES Esq.

co
—HE HAS ALSO,
General Assortment as usual,
ood WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCE
S, for sale.
ember 2.

Alexandria DAILY Gazette,



Commercial & Political.

VOL IX.]

MONDAY, JULY 17, 1809.

[No. 2541.

Sales at Vendue.

every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and
Water Streets.

Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day—All kinds of goods
which are on limitation and the prices of
which are established, can at any time be
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation
of prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

COTTON.

37 bales PRIME COTTON,
sold by the subscriber, at a very mod
e price and on a liberal credit.

Joseph H. Mandeville.

June 1.

Just Published,
BY COTTON AND STEWART,
And for sale at their Store,
(Price One Dollar).

The Exile of Erin.

A NOVEL.

By Mrs. Plaskett—late Miss Gunning.
January 6.

Cotton and Stewart
Have just published their

ALMANAC for 1809.

Containing a great deal of useful and enter
taining matter. For sale by the thousand
oss, or single one.

lastic Three-slit Metallic Pens.
Price One Dollar—

Just received by ROBERT GRAY.

Also,

A general assortment of
ee's Patent Family Medicines,
AND

r. Rogers' Vegetable Pulmonic
Detergent.

March 17.

Just Received
FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,
A few copies of the works o

FISHER AMES,

Compiled by a number of his friends—to
ich are prefixed notices of his life and char
ter. Price \$ 3 50 in boards.

May 7.

FRESH FRUIT.
e subscriber has just received and offers for
salv,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,
Mufcate and Bloom Raisins
boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

ROBERT GRAY,
HAS JUST RECEIVED

The following new Songs
SET TO MUSIC:

The Lay of Love, written by J. L. Lewis,
The music composed by Dr. J. Clarke.
Price 25 cents.

The Home of my Heart, a Ballad, sung
Mr. Incledan, and composed by Mr. E.

Twice Forward, a favorite Cotillion, a
lled to the new song of No, no, no, it
be so. Price 25 cents.

The Days that are gone, a Ballad, with an
companiment for the piano forte, composed
by Dr. Clarke. Price 37 1-2 cents.

On a beautiful Butterfly, burnt in a ball
m. Price 12 1-2 cts.

June 6.

Joseph Mandeville,
OWNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,

Has Received,

100 half boxes Rousett's CI
RS warranted of the veryfirst quality

nd contents.

real Macoula Snuff,
Speedo Course and Fine,
boxes fresh MUSTARD,

Philadelphia CHOCOLATE, 1s
2d quality.

—HE HAS ALSO,
General Assortment as usual,
ood WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCE
S, for sale.

ember 2.

PARTNERSHIP.

Having formed a PARTNERSHIP with my brother BENEDICT, I beg leave to inform my FRIENDS and CUSTOMERS, that the

DRY-GOOD BUSINESS
WILL IN FUTURE BE CARRIED ON UNDER
THE FIRM OF

Benedict Brashears and Co.

At the corner of King and Royal-streets—
where they have now, and will continue to
keep a good assortment of GOODS, to be sold
only for cash, or to punctual customers on a
short credit.

TRUEMAN BRASHEARS.

July 6.

TO SELL,

Or Exchange for Western Lands,
A tract of Land in Fairfax county,
Containing about 400 acres, situated within
18 miles of Alexandria and the City of
Washington.

Tho's Sangster.

July 7.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the
western country, will sell the FARM on
which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles
from Alexandria, 9 from George Town fer
ry, and about the same from the Potomac
bridge crossing to the city of Washington—
in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, con
taining about 470 acres, on which is a con
venient dwelling house, large enough for a gen
teel family, together with all the outbuildings
suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of
apple trees of selected fruit, together with
different other fruit trees, a proportion of im
proved meadow for the scythe, and a large
portion more may easily be made. Any per
son inclined to purchase may know the terms
by application to Mr JOHN DULIN, adjoining
the said farm, or the subscriber on the pre
mises.

E. Dulin.

June 9. dft

PUBLIC SALE

PURSUANT to a decree of the honorable
the United States Circuit Court, of the
District of Columbia, for the County of Alex
andria, will be sold at public auction on Sat
urday the 22d day of July next, A LOT or
half acre of ground, the property of the re
presentatives of Bartholemew Dandridge de
ceased, situate on Cameron and Pitt streets in
the town of Alexandria, and fronting the
square of ground on which Mr. Caton's city
hotel is situate. There is on the premises a
commodious framed dwelling house and large
carpenter's shop, of good oak materials, the
ground is laid off into seven building lots, 4
on Cameron street, from 34 to 30 feet front,
and running back 100 feet to a 15 feet alley,
and three lots on Pitt street, 21 feet front,
running back 108 feet to a 15 feet alley.

The terms of sale will be—One fourth
cash, & the residue payable in 3, 6 & 9 months.
Negotiable notes with approved endorsers
will be required. The sale to commence at
the coffee house in Alexandria, at 4 o'clock,
in the afternoon. A plat of the lots may be
seen on application at the clerk's office.

Thomas Swann,
George Deneale,
Commissioners.

June 28. dts.

RUNAWAYS.

Runaway from the plantation of Mr. William
Hay, near the Stone Bridge in Frederick
County,

Two likely Mulatto Boys.

BILLY, the eldest, is between 15 and 16
years of age, a bright mulatto, well grown
for his years, his hair black and lately cut in
the fashion, slender made, but sprightly and
active. GAMBDEN is a dark mulatto, his
hair rather inclined to curl, and lately cut also
in the same manner as Billy's; well set, and
when walking has his eyes turned towards the
ground, as if looking for something: about
14 years of age. A liberal reward will be
paid for apprehending the said boys and se
curing them in any jail within this com
munity, and giving information of the same
to Mr. William Hay of Richmond, or the
subscriber, living near the Stone Bridge, Fre
derick county.

John Hay.

July 4.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next, will be sold, for the
benefit of those concerned, on a credit of
60 days—

One case of Fancy Chords, &c.
PHILIP G. MARSTELLER

July 14.

Potomac Company.

THE Stockholders of the Potomac Com
pany are hereby notified that the annual
meeting of the said Company will be held
according to law at the Union Tavern in Geo
Town on MONDAY the 7th day of August
next, to whom will then be submitted the
proceedings of the Board of Directors, with
the Treasurer's account of receipts and dis
bursements since the last general meeting.

By order of the Board,

Jos. Carleton,
Treasurer of the Potomac Company.
Geo. Town, July 14. d3w

Marine Insurance Company of A
lexandria.

THE Stockholders in this institution are
hereby informed, that the President and Di
rectors have declared a dividend of five pr
ct on that part of the capital stock now paid
which will be ready to be paid the stockhold
ers or their legal representatives, in ten days
from this date.

J. B. Nickolls, Sec'y.

July 3. [4.]

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,
Or will be exchanged for Property in Alex
andria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,
Granted by the state of Virginia for Military
services during the revolutionary war. This
land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to
be amongst the best in the state. It will be
sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 18.

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers
and friends, that he has

Recommenced the Grocery Business,
At his Store on King near Washington
street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of
goods, in that line,

Warranted genuine, particularly his
TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,
Which are of a superior quality—He will dis
pose of each and every article on the most
moderate terms.

May 27.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

To be sold, at public auction, at Northum
berland court house, in the county of Ner
thumberland, and state of Virginia, on
TUESDAY, the fifth day of September
next, at eleven o'clock, in the forenoon.

Five contiguous Plantations,
Amounting together to about 2700 Acres,
SITUATE on the river Potomac, and
within about three miles of the court
house. These estates formerly belonged to

Frederick Thornton, Esq. and are the same on
which he lived. They have never been seen by
either of the subscribers; but it is under
stood, that about 1700 acres of them are as
valuable low grounds as any on the river, and a
considerable part thereof heavily timbered.

The uplands consist of about 1000 acres, and the
whole is well calculated for the production
of corn, wheat, tobacco, timothy, and small
grain of all kinds, in great abundance. The
waters are said to abound with excellent
fish, oysters, and wild fowl. The water car
riage is easy and convenient to Norfolk, Ba
timore, Alexandria, and the city of Wash
ington; and as these estates possess several
good mill seats, with an abundance of water,
and a plentiful supply of timber, they must

be very valuable.

The premises will be shewn to persons in
clining to purchase, by Col. James Moore,
who lives on them, or by Samuel Blackwell,
Esq. who lives near to them; and the terms
of payment may be known a sufficient time
before the sale, by applying to either of them,
or to the subscriber in the city of Philadel
phia.

W.M. LEWIS.

June 28. dts.

For Freight or Charter,

The British brig
SISTERS,
Thomas Thornton, Master;
Burthen 4000 barrels. For terms apply to
Hugh Smith.

July

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

Alexandria Price Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FOREIGN ARTICLES.

	per.	D.	C.	D.	C.
Coffee,	lb.	24	26		
Duck, Russia	bolt.	35	40		
Ravens		18	21		
Fruit, Raisins	keg	11	11	50	
	box	4	5		
Indigo, Spanis (flot.)	lb.	2	25	2	50
Molasses,	gal.	45	46		
Salt, coarse	bus.	60	75		
fine		60	75		
Spices, Nutmegs	lb.	7	8		
Pepper		20	25		
Pimento		24	27		
Spirits, Brandy (French) 4th	gal.	1	50	1	70
Gin, Holland		1	50	1	60
Rum, Jamaica 4th		1		1	10
Antigua 3d		90	1		
Windward 2d & 3d		35	90		
Sugars, 1st quality	cwt.	11	12	50	
2d & 3d		9	11		
Teas, Imperial	lb.	1	90	2	
Hyson		1	10	1	20
Young Hyson		1		1	15
Hyson Skin		75	85		
Wines, Madeira	gal.	2	2	50	
Port		1	60	1	75
Lisbon		1	33	1	40
Malaga		1	5	1	10

DOMESTIC ARTICLES.

	per.	D.	C.	D.	C.
Bacon	lb.	10			
Beef, Mess	bbl.	13			
Prime		12			
Bread, Crackers	{	6			
Pilot	lb.	5	50		
Ship		3	50		
Candles, Mould	lb.	18	20		
Dipt		16	18		
Cheese		8	12		
Cotton, Upland		18	20		
Fish, Mackarel	bbl.	7	50	8	
Shad		7	50	8	
Herrings		3	75	4	
Flour, superfine		5	80		
Grain, Wheat	bus.	1	1		
Corn		55	56		
Flaxseed		none.			
Glass, Window 8 by 10	box	14	15		
Gnnpowder, Keg	25l.	10	13		
Hemp	cwt.	10	12		
Iron, Barr	ton	120	125		
Pork, Mess	bbl.	18			
Prime		15			
Spirits, N. E. Rum	gal.	50	52		
Whiskey		50	53		
Sugar, New-Orleans	{	100	11	12	
Loaf	lbs.	20	21		
Lump		19	20		
Tobacco, Maryland	cwt.	2	50	4	50
Potomac		3	14	50	

PRICE OF STOCKS.

Alexandria Bank,	par				
Potomac do.	par				
Marine Insurance	par				
Washington Bridge	par				
Little River Turnpike	uncertain				
Washington and Alexandria do.	par				
Exchange on London, par.					

For Sale or Rent,

THE WAREHOUSE AND WHARF
Attached thereto, now occupied by the subscriber:—It will be sold on a credit of one, two and three years. If it cannot be sold I will lease it on moderate terms for five years.

ALSO, FOR SALE

125 bushels CORN afloat.

For further particulars apply to

Mordecai Miller.

June 20.

24th

New House of Entertainment.

THOMAS RHODES, respectfully informs the citizens of Alexandria and the public, that he will open A HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT on the first day of July next, in a commodious and airy new house on Prince-street, sign of the Eagle, a few doors above Thomas Swann's dwelling.—He intends to keep a constant supply of the best LIQUORS and PROVISIONS, and will accommodate travellers and others on such moderate terms as to make it an object to call on him. He will be provided with a careful hostler and has good stabling for horses. The situation is superior to any in town for the accommodation of travellers, it being out of the way of bustle and there is a pump of the best water at the door.

June 27.

24th

TO HOPE.
COME Hope, thou little cheating sprite,
And let us set this matter right;
Come thou to me,
Or I to thee,
No matter, so we but agree.

You told me, Phillis would be true,
I trusted her, I trusted you;
She prov'd a jade,
I was betray'd,
And this was one sly trick you play'd.

You promis'd me to launch a dart
At Parthenissa's stubborn heart;
You swore 'twould hit,
The deuce a bit;
It miss'd—you told a second tit.

You said, base Imp, that I should find,
Belinda best of woman kind;
The knot was ty'd,
She was my bride;
She was my plague—again you ly'd.
A thousand fibs you've vow'd and swore,
And fibb'd and flatter'd o'er and o'er;
Though all was vain,
It lull'd my pain:
Then come—and cheat me o'er again.

FROM THE AMERICAN CITIZEN.

Talleyrand's Memoir.—The object of the memoir is to point out to the Institute, and through the Institute, it is supposed, to the French government, the means of acquiring to France political and commercial influence in the United States. In both respects the prince of Benevento affirms, that at the peace of 1783, Louis the 16th was guilty of a capital fault. "What, he asks, did France do at that period? She was fearful that the same principles of *Independence*, which she had protected by her arms in America, should introduce themselves amongst her own people, and, at the conclusion of peace, she discontinued and discouraged all connexion with that country. What did England do? She forgot her resentment; she re-opened speedily her ancient communications, and rendered them more active."

It would seem odd, did not reflection step in to correct delusive appearances, that France should assist the colonies in acquiring those principles of freedom, of the propagation of which amongst her own people she was so very apprehensive. But, as has always been remarked, but not always believed, two motives, both sinister, dictated the assistance. France saw in the revolution, or thought she saw, a fine opportunity for abridging the ascendant power of England by a separation of the colonies from her, and relying upon her superior dexterity in negotiating, she meditated the acquisition to herself of at least a moiety of the territory which now constitutes the U. S.—Possibly it was not within the purview of the prince of Benevento's memoir, but certainly he has omitted to notice the fact, that when the treaty of peace of 1783 was upon the tapis, the most artful attempts were made by the French court to wrest from the U. S. the fisheries, and to secure to France, besides the fisheries, all the territories east of the Mississippi as far as the Alleghany mountains. Congress, with more faith than sagacity, had passed a resolution binding our commissioners not to conclude a treaty with England without the previous consent of France, and France, adroitly availing herself of this error, carried on, unknown to our commissioners, a clandestine correspondence with the British government, proposing, in fact, to that government, to cheat the U. S. by collusion out of one half of her present dominions. This infamous scheme, clearly demonstrating the selfish views of France in leading their arms to separate the colonies from England, was defeated by the vigilance, the discernment, & the firmness of Mr. Jay, one of the commissioners, who discovering the underplot, and uniting his efforts to those of Mr. Adams, one of his colleagues, dispensed with the resolution of Congress; and manifesting to the French court a determination to conclude the peace with or without its consent, accomplished that essential object. See the causes assigned to Congress by our commissioners for departing from their binding resolution. Here was attempt enough on the part of France to acquire a preponderating influence, both political and commercial over the U. S.; for if the perfidy of the French court had succeeded; if England had colluded with it, and it was not her interest to do so, I know not that we could have resisted for a year the arts and arms of the despot who now tyrannizes over the continent of Europe. France, in possession of our fisheries, and of our territory from the Mississippi to the Alleghany, would have found means to obtain the rest. In every part of the world Napoleon has his

Duane. In no one are his minions more numerous and powerful than in the United States.

"As to the other causes, Talleyrand observes, they have taken such deep root, that it would perhaps require a *French establishment in America* to counteract their ascendancy with any hopes of success. Undoubtedly such a *POLITICAL project* should be overlooked; but it does not belong to the subject of this memoir."

It is then settled. There must be a *French establishment in America*. Such a *political project* is not to be overlooked. Can we be too cautious when a statesman so subtle and mischievous is meditating the establishment in our neighborhood of a power so tremendous? If ever Napoleon obtains a footing upon this continent, we are undone. A rapid dissemination of his deadly poison for which in an eminent degree we are pre-disposed, would prepare us for the fatal blow. He wants "ships, colonies, and commerce." Where shall his colonies be? Spain, I fear, is conquered. We have winked and blinked at her subjection; the late President has indirectly, and as directly, as he could, aided the tyrant's arms. The colonies of Spain, if they do not become *independent*, will follow the fate of Spain. South America unfit for a republic may become an independent monarchy. The Island of Cuba, assisted by the British fleet, may assume and maintain independence. East and West Florida, bordering upon us, cannot, their population is insufficient. Shall they fall under the dominion of the grand despot? How dreadful is thought! On the final conquest of Spain, and God grant that she may never be conquered—the *Floridas* should belong to us: all Europe ought to be excluded from them. They must either be purchased or conquered. We cannot buy them. Bonaparte, having compelled us to repeal an act of Congress taking in West Florida as far as the *Perdido*, has already refused to sell.—

We must take them. But very little fighting will be necessary. Every consideration of safety will shortly point out this course. Spain cannot survive the destruction of Austria, and Austria, single handed, is unable successfully to combat the tyrant. At present, France, in point of open force is impotent to us, and if when decision shall be necessary, and it assuredly ere long will be, we do not temporise; if we are faithful to ourselves, faithful to our interest, faithful to our safety, we may defy her power and counteract her seductions.

FROM THE N. Y. COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

President Adams and his Son.

Concerning these gentlemen, we have hitherto said very little. But such has been the conduct of the Father, no doubt counselled and aided by the Son, that it becomes the duty of ever honest man to bear testimony against their misrepresentations, and their malignant attempts to dishonor the character of our departed patriots. The honest mind is led to enquire—what has induced these men, at this late day, to go over to the ranks of democracy, and to asperse the conduct and the motives of their former political friends? The conduct and the motives, which they now alledge, (and which they offer as the groundwork of their changing of party) if they existed at all, existed ten years ago. Why then did these honest gentlemen adhere to the federal party for eight of the ten years, and conceal so long, such baseness from the public eye? If what they alledge be true, and if what is true be so exceedingly criminal as they now represent, by publishing it at this time, after having screened it so long, they are publishing their own disgrace. Their sentiments bear on their face evident marks of misrepresentation and malice. What, then, has prompted them to their late extraordinary conduct? Let the following from the Baltimore North American give the answer.

FROM THE NORTH AMERICAN.

Old Mr. Adams and his son have perched themselves upon the reputations of the dead Ames and Hamilton, and not without reward. The son, after being removed from the senate, by his own state, for his dishonorable abandonment of principles, has been appointed minister to the Russian Autocrat, and we shall probably soon hear of his setting out for France, according to his appointment. The reader need not stare.—Did not Mr. Short go to France under his secret commission by Mr. Jefferson to the same hopeful employment; and has not Mr. Dashoff the Russian Charge, come to us via France? It is extremely easy to see where the pivot of all these transactions is to be found.

Little could the dim optics of J. Q. Adams discern what weather the political horizon promised the winter before last. His senatorial term was expiring whilst the legislature of his state was democratical, and no more distinguished for favor to the no-

ble family of Braintree or tolerance of party adverse to themselves, than the of their brethren usually were. As before he could not perceive how the future could come to him he prudently determined to approach the legislature, was ushered to the world the famous

of the committee in the affair of John of the Ohio, in which are to be found press marks of coincidence with the sarcasms upon that system of law by which life and property are held and secured depriving senators of their seats without due and fair scrutiny.

These evidences participation in the most violent and organizing plans of the party, of which had commenced to be the convert, nation

and his notable declaration, that "when president recommended, he would deliberate, but he would act." When it was considered that the report in Smith's case had obtained a virtual renunciation of the principles of that science, of which he was a member, and that by voting to impose embargo upon his constituents, whose

lihood depended upon commerce, we comprehend somewhat of the extent which he was willing to sacrifice his own reputation and the interests of his constituents to obtain the favor he sought. But, said he, his labor was in vain—it was

than vain. He found himself counteracting his own purpose. Indignant at the

or treachery of their representatives, people of Massachusetts changed the majority of their general court, and in the end Adams found himself possessed of not but a recommendation to removal.

took place, and he did not fail to mark his mortification by resigning the remainder of the term for which he had been originally appointed.

Here was a sad dilemma. He had nothing to look up to but the executive general government. They were, however, surrounded by men of greater talents and who had not tired in a longer course of party services.

It was obviously difficult to penetrate through such an host, whose prior claims to distinction were indisputable. But "nothing was to be despised in Mr. Adams's situation. He had only

add another seal to his separation from the federal party. This has been so effectually done in the Boston democratic paper,

2. Our Country—Free, sovereign and independent. May its administration seek peace HONESTLY; do JUSTICE STRICTLY, and maintain its rights FIRMLY.

Tune: *Hail Columbia*: 6 guns—9 cheers.

3. James Madison—The man who can truly distinguish between the praises of the wise and the good, and the shouts of a mob. May he persevere in well doing, unawed by faction.

Tune: *Madison's March*: 3 guns: 6 cheers.

4. The memory of general George Washington: Though no tribute of national gratitude, yet dignifies the grave of our hero: Fame has consecrated the spot where he lies and the lustre of his name, will increase to the latest period of recorded time.

Tune: *Roslin Castle*.

6 minute guns: 17 flags slowly waving. 5. The State of Pennsylvania—powerful and respectable—able to maintain her own rights, may she never attempt to violate the rights of others.

Tune—*Yankee doodle*.

3 guns—6 cheers.

6. The memory of the heroes, who fell in the cause of American independence. They died on the fields of honor. Their deeds will live in the records of glory.

Tune—*Dead march in Saul*.

3 minute guns.

7. Dr. Benjamin Rush and George Clymer, Esq. The two surviving representatives of the state of Pennsylvania, who signed the declaration of independence. Firm to their purpose, in the days that tried men's souls. Posterity will cherish the remembrance of their services.

Tune—*Life let us cherish*.

1 gun.

8. Foreign nations—“enemies in war— in peace friends.”

1 gun.

9. The contract of honor signed at Washington April 19, 1809. Plain and explicit in its terms, may it be fulfilled with mutual good faith.

Tune—*Washington's march*.

1 gun.

10. The heads of departments of the general government—May wisdom, justice, and moderation preside in the cabinet of the nation, and the only contention be noble contention—“who can best serve the public weal.”

1 gun.

11. The Judiciary System—A temple planned by the wisdom of our ancestors. Elevated on an adamantine rock, it has withstood the rude hand of time, and the storms of faction shall never be able to prevail against it.

3 guns.

12. Agriculture, Commerce and Manufacturers—“United they stand: divided they fall.”

Tune—*America, Commerce and Freedom*—1 gun.

13. The memory of General ALEXANDER HAMILTON—

“Pride of human race
He spoke as if deputed by mankind
To plead the cause of Freedom.”

Tune—*Solemn Dirge*.

1 gun.

14. Party Spirit—The bane of social intercourse and harmony. When national honor and interests are involved, a common grave be its portion, and no mourners at the funeral.

15. The Militia of the United States: “What are fifty, what a thousand slaves, Match'd to the sinews of a single arm That strikes for liberty.”

Tune—*Stony Point*: 3 guns.

16. The Washington Benevolent Society of the city of New York—unanimity in its laudable exertions, crowned with an honorable result.

3 guns.

17. The Fair Sex— “Oh Woman in our hours of ease, Uncertain, coy and hard to please, And variable as the shade, By the light quivering of the aspen made, When pain and anguish wring the brow, A ministering angel thou.”

Tune—*Ma chere amie*.

VOLUNTEERS.

A letter was read from Commodore Truxton, a member of the Society, informing he was unable to join with the society in the company march from the city, and requesting that the following toast might be given as a volunteer from him, which was done by the President. James Madison, president of the U. S.—was a zealous advocate, in the general convention for framing the present constitution of the U. S. He facilitated by his arguments and eloquence its adoption in the convention of Virginia: He, in conjunction with those well tried and honorable patriots,

John Jay and Alexander Hamilton, organized the departments of government, and with them timely wrote the able and meritorious numbers under signature of FEDERALIST—He promptly for the honor and interest of United America, accepted the overture of Great Britain for a settlement of our differences with her, the only nation on earth that can materially injure us. His private character is fair and upright. Let us hope then, that in his public career at the head of the national government, he will “correct the procedure of his predecessor,” Thomas Jefferson; that by his justice and independence, party distinctions may thereby subside, and the whole community of our country become one undivided people, feeling just cause to say: *Madison, you sir like our departed Washington, as president of the U. States deserved well of your country.*

The Society of the Cincinnati of the state of Pennsylvania—In action as in name, like the patriotic Roman whose name they bear, who after a successful defence of his country's rights, laid aside the habiliments of war, and returned to the peaceful occupation of private life.

Thomas M'Kean, Esq. late governor of the state of Pennsylvania—we respect him for his firm attachment to the principles of our government—We wish him health and happiness the remainder of his days.

By the President.

Our absent member, Commodore Truxton.

By Captain Eringer.

Foreigners of all nations; may they find amongst us an asylum from oppression, but may the factious among them be effectually restrained, and never be permitted to dictate a Constitution to the Union or any part of it.

By Mr. Evan Thomas.

The state of Delaware, one of the first to adopt the Constitution and persevering to the last to maintain it.

By Captain Freytag.

The Infant Manufactures of America.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.

Capt. Gardner from Lisbon arrived at Beverly, left there May 31, ship Thomas, Harper, from Alexandria; Henry, Magher, of Salem for England. Spoke ship Belvidera, 5 days from Fayal, for Philadelphia. The brig Sally, Johnson for Boston, sailed in company with the two Boats.

A letter has been received in this city, via Laguira, dated Cadiz, May 30th, 1809, which confirms the accounts of the Spanish and Austrian successes—repeats the evacuation of Catalonia by the French—and says, that such was the distress of the French troops in Andalusia, from the plague, that they had solicited relief in medicines from the Spanish government.

[Political Register.

July 14.

From Portugal.

Last evening arrived, captain Maffit, from Lisbon, which he left the 6th of June, in company with the ship Paragon, arrived at New York. He informs that it was reported and confidently believed at Lisbon, that a treaty of alliance was concluded between England and Russia, from whence it is concluded that the Russians will take a part against France. It was further said that after the first defeats of the Austrians, Bonaparte advanced towards Vienna, and when within 50 leagues of it, was attacked by the Austrians, who in turn obliged the French to retreat.

Capt. M. further says that marshal Wellesley, having incorporated the English and Portuguese troops, by putting them by companies alternately, to make up his regiments, marched to Oporto, and demanded the surrender of the town, which Soult obstinately and peremptorily refused, when Wellesley prepared for an assault, which Soult perceiving, fled from the town & crossed the river on a bridge of boats, which was prepared to be blown up as soon as he had crossed but by some mistake or accident, fire was put to the tain and blew up about 1000 of the rear of the French army, and 500 of the citizens who were taking their flight with the French. Soult and the remainder made their escape, as the English could not cross the river for some time.

When Capt. M. left Lisbon, it was said and believed that there was not a Frenchman in the kingdom of Portugal, but such as were prisoners, the others have fled to Spain as fast as their legs would carry them—And it was said that the Spaniards were gaining ground every where, both in numbers and in conquests over the French, who were retreating every where, being worn down with fatigue, famine and disease.

Capt. M. has furnished us with a few Lisbon papers, from which we hope to have some extracts for our next.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

MONDAY, JULY 17.

MR. SNOWDEN,

SIR,

The following is a Diary of the weather during the hottest we have yet experienced this year; it is at your service if acceptable.

Your obedient servant,

C. D.

	A. M.	Meredie.	P. M.	
JUNE 27	6	82	90	3 91
28	6	80	85	3 82
29*	6	81	88	3 88
	9	85	85	5 85
				6 84
				7 78
30	5	67	72	3 74
	6	68	72	7 78
	8	64	75	3 77
	9	68	75	7 78
JULY 1	5	68	74	6 76
				7 75
2	5	77	88	3 82
				6 85
3	5	75	75	3 77
	8	77	75	7 78
4	5	72	72	3 73
	10	73	72	

* Gust of wind westerly in the evening, with thunder—a tempestuous night—constant rain, very cool wind W and N.W.

BOSTON, July 10.

Latest from Europe.

The following highly pleasing intelligence, was politely handed us by a gentleman from Montreal, where it was received by an arrival in a short passage from England, and immediately published in a hand bill.

Austrian Successes.

IFIRST AUSTRIAN BULLETIN.

Dated Head-Quarters, Sacile, April 17.

On the 10th and 11th, his imperial highness the archduke John, with the army under his command, entered the territory of Frioule, by Pontebia, Cividale, & Gortz, and, after some opposition, advanced on the 13th to the Tagliamento. The enemy retired across the river, in order to join with the troops in their rear. This junction, which probably took place at Sacile, made the hostile army five divisions strong. In the night of the 14th, his imperial highness proceeded with the advanced guard towards Pordenone: the remainder of the army followed at day break. The enemy's advanced guard was at Pordenone, and his army was posted between that place and Sacile, near Fontana. Here an action commenced, which after a sanguinary contest of two days, terminated entirely to our advantage. The vice-King of Italy commanded the French army. The result was so decisive, that the enemy could not maintain themselves behind the Livenza, but were obliged to retreat rapidly to the Piave. The prisoners amount already to 6000, among whom are Generals Paze and Bressan. More are constantly brought in. The loss in killed and wounded greatly exceeds this number, and we have taken 16 cannon and 3 eagles!

LONDON, May 15.

There have arrived since our last some more French Journals and German Gazettes to the 5th inst. They do not enable us to add a single important fact to the intelligence exclusively published by us on Saturday relative to the successes of the Austrians in the Tyrol, in Italy and in Poland; and from the enemy's army in Germany, the accounts by this conveyance are not of so late a date as those which we also gave in our last from the third bulletin of the French army. The Austrian bulletin of the first successes of the archduke John in Italy, fully confirms our former statement upon this subject. The enemy commanded by the vice king of Italy in person, were completely defeated with the loss of 6000 prisoners, and a still greater number in killed and wounded, besides sixteen pieces of canon and three eagles.

Among the prisoners taken are generals Paze and Bressan. The Paris & Milan papers attempt to give a different coloring to the result of this affair, but the Austrian accounts bear so many features of truth, that credence cannot be denied them, in preference to the obviously uncandid statements of the enemy. The Austrians give geographical proofs of their having in the first instance considerably advanced; whilst, with all the pretensions of the enemy the nimost they can assert is that they maintain a position on the Piave. In Italy, therefore, affairs wear a promising aspect on the part of the Austrians, the more especially as the

improved state of the Tyrol (as described in our last) is so highly favorable to their cause. We have nothing to add to the account we gave on Saturday of the capture of Warsaw by the Austrian army of the archduke Ferdinand, except that a Polish regiment laid down their arms at Tarczyn and that the garrison of Warsaw, on its retreat to Kalish, had been pursued for 2 days, and that many prisoners were taken.

In Germany, we learn by advices brought on Saturday by an Austrian messenger who left Heligoland on the 1st inst. that the archduke Charles so late as the 28th ult. continued on the Regen between Chain and Stollwang, where he was joined by the divisions of General Klenau and Bellegarde, and a corps of reserve under General Norman. The divisions of Generals Hiller, St. Vincent and Kienmayer, had also joined him, and thus augmented the army under the immediate command of the Archduke, to 160,000 men. Wurzburg is reported to have been occupied by a detachment under Count Klenau, and it was added that another corps had taken possession of Dresden. We know not what degree of credit to attach to these statements, but hope they will prove correct. At all events, we trust that Bonaparte will shortly have to repent for his temerity in having advanced so far, leaving in a manner the formidable army of the archduke Charles in his rear, and in this hope we are encouraged by all the private advices received by the last conveyance. The Emperor of Germany, we are happy to find is not in the least dismayed by the result of the first operations in Bavaria. His imperial majesty has issued a proclamation from Lintz, in which he calls out the second or reserve militia of Austria, intending to place himself at their head. The Hungarian insurrection army has been assembled at Presburg and every measure of his government evinces a determination and energy corresponding with the danger which menaces his throne.

Private advices state that the insurrection in Hesse has become very formidable. One account says:—At Grumburg, Lambach, Marburg, and some other places, the people had disarmed the military, and hanged several of the government agents charged with the execution of the obnoxious decree. Some squadrons of horse which had been sent to the camp at Hanover, and a division of infantry which had been ordered to Elze, have been recalled by forced marches. The spirit of discontent is not confined to Hesse—it extends through Hanover and Brunswick, Wetteravia, and Thuringia, and only waits a favorable occasion to burst into action. Col. Doenbergs, of the Westphalian rangers directed the malcontents; there are some reports of his arrest; but the accounts represent him at the head of a numerous and well organized force?

We are enabled to state as a positive fact, that an American gentleman in Amsterdam, has written to his friend in New York, by the late arrival there from Amsterdam, that he had received a letter from general Armstrong our minister at Paris, advising him to remit his money to England, or America, without any delay, as he, general Armstrong, had finally made up his mind to leave France immediately and return to America.

[Freeman's Journal.

Port of Alexandria.

CLEARED,
Schooner Fame, Skinner, St. Bartholomew, by Joseph Riddle.

Brig Betsey, Dade, Barbadoes, by John Roberts.

NOTICE.

On SATURDAY, the 22d instant, at four o'clock, P. M. will be let to the highest bidder, for a term not exceeding five years:

The DOCK at the east end of Prince-street, with the privilege of the wharf at the end, and on the south side of said dock—by order of the Common Council.

ROBERT ANDERSON,
ALEX. M'KENZIE,
THOMAS LAWRAZON,
WILLIAM NEWTON,
Committee of Council.

July 13.

Turtle Dinner.

ON Wednesday, the 19th instant, at three o'clock precisely, a GREEN TURTLE will be served up at A. Lindo's (Sebastian Spring). Those gentlemen desirous to partake, will find a subscription paper at Mr. Caton's bar.

Dinner and pint of wine, £ 2.

July 13.

Printing in its various branches
executed with accuracy and dispatch.

Just Received
And for sale by the subscriber,
Fresh Limes,
Lemons and
Oranges.

A few cannisters Imperial Eshing TEA,
very excellent.

IN STORE,

A few bales well cleaned Flax.
Black and white sheep's Wool.

Rhode-Island Cheese.

Bacon—Soal Leather.

A good assortment of New-England Shoes.
Netting Cotton, from No. 10 to No. 26.

Wool Cards—Spanish Indigo.

Table Fish—Smoked Herrings.

Mackarel in barrels.

Shad in do.

Sounds and Tongues in legs.

Cider Vinegar.

Essence of Spruce, with directions for
making the beer.

Preserved Ginger in pots.

Tamarinds—Havana Honey, and

Groceries as usual.

ALSO,

Alexandria sugar-house Shrub, by the al-
ion or in bottles.

ALSO,

A few bushels Seed Potatoes.

Thomas Patten.

June 30.

N. B. A few dozen mens' Saddle-Trees,
which will be sold at 7s. 6d. each.

Just Published,
FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,

A CELEBRATED ROMANCE ENTITLED

ABAELLINO,

THE BRAVO OF VENICE.

Translated from the German, by M. G.
Lewis, the well-known author of the Castle
Spectre, Monk, Adelgitha, &c. &c. Price,
handsomely bound, one dollar—the English
edition sold at one dollar seventy five cents.

What black Musician conjures up this fiend?
What, do you tremble, are ye all afraid?
Alas, I blame ye not, for ye are mortal,
And mortal eyes cannot endure the devil—
Avant, thou dreadful Minister of Hell.

RICHARD III.

In justice to this excellent Romance, we
need only remark, that the Grand Dramatic
piece, which for several seasons past drew
such full houses to our theatre, is founded on
the same subject, as translated by Dunlap;
but the acknowledged superiority of Lewis's
writings or translations in the Romance style,
being so far superior to any other of our modern
authors, leaves encomium unnecessary
with the publishers.

NOTE. Five editions of this Romance were
sold in a very short time, after publication in
London—it is dedicated to the Earl of Moira,
by Lewis.

June 7—21

New Publications,

FOR SALE
At COTTON & STEWART's Bookstore,
CRANCH'S Reports, 4 volumes.
Hening and Mumford's Reports.
Sugden's Law of Vendors and Purchasers
of Estates.

East's Reports, volume 9.

Law's on Pleading.

American Pleader's Assistant.

Harrison's Chancery Reports.

Roberts on Frauds.

Woodward on Executive.

Hungarian Brothers, a novel, by Miss Porter.

Thaddeus of Warsaw, do. by Miss Porter.

Patriotic Sketches of Ireland, by Miss Weston.

Georgics and Bees, by R. Southey.

Elizabeth, or Exiles of Siberia, by Mrs. Cottin.

Griffith Abbey, by Mrs. Mathews.

June 26.

ORPHAN'S COURT,

Alexandria County, July Term, 1809.

ORDERED,
That the administratrix of JOHN SELLERS
deceased, do insert the following ad-
vertisement three times a week for two
weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Test.

ALEXANDER MOORE, Reg.
THIS is to give notice That the subscriber
of Alexandria county, in the district of
Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans'
Court of said county, letters of administra-
tion on the personal estate of JOHN SEL-
LERS late of the county aforesaid, deceased,
all persons having claims against the said
deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the
same, with the vouchers thereof, to the sub-
scriber, on or before the 3d day of Jan-
uary next or they may by law be excluded from
all benefit to said estate—and those indebted
thereto are required to make immediate pay-
ment.

Given under my hand this 3d day of July,
1809.

SUSAN SELLERS,

administratrix of John Sellers.

July 4.

MOLASSES.

20 hogsheads RETAILING MOLAS-
SES, for sale by
Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax streets.
June 10.

Just Received For Sale by
ROBERT GRAY,
NAUTICAL ALMANACS
FOR THE YEARS 1809 and 10,
With Register Tables.
—ALSO—
A Few Copies of a
French Pronouncing Dictionary.

July 14.

The Commonwealth of Virginia

To the Sheriff of County, GREETING:
YOU are hereby commanded to summon
Elisha Janney, Jacob Janney, Philip
Care, Bernard Hooe, jun. Philip Slaughter,
and Fleming Bates, to appear at the capitol,
in the city of Richmond, on the 17th day of
the next term, before the judge of the
superior court of chancery, directed by law
to be helden in the said city, to answer a bill
exhibited against them in the said court, by
John P. Smith. And this they shall in no
wise omit, under the penalty of one hundred
pounds each. And have then there this
writ. Witness, Peter Tinsley, clerk of our
said court at Richmond, this 24th day of May,
1809, and in the thirty-third year of the com-
monwealth.

Peter Tinsley, c. c.

To restrain in the hands of the defendants
Jacob Janney, Philip Care, Bernard Hooe,
jun. Philip Slaughter, and Fleming Bates,
any monies, debts, or effects in their hands
belonging, or due to Elisha Janney, an ab-
sent defendant, until the further order
court.

William Wirt, P. Q.

Teste,
P. TINSLEY, c. c.
May 30.

2aw2m

Public Sale

ON Saturday the 22d instant at 10 o'clock
in the forenoon, will be sold at the house of the
late John Sellers on Prince-street, all the personal
estate of the deceased;

CONSISTING OF

Houshold and Kitchen furniture,
a quantity of carpenter's and cabinet-
makers tools, a turner's lathe, and an

Elegant organized Piano Forte.
The conditions to be made known at the time
and place of sale.

Susan Sellers, adm'x.

July 10

eo2w

The Commonwealth of Virginia

To the Sheriff of County, GREETING:
YOU are hereby commanded to summon
Elisha Janney, Jacob Janney, Philip
Care, Bernard Hooe, jun. Philip Slaughter,
and Fleming Bates, to appear at the capitol,
in the city of Richmond, on the first day of

the next term, before the Judge of the Superior
Court of Chancery, directed by law
to be helden in the said city, to answer a bill
exhibited against them in the said court, by Jas.
Green. And this they shall in no wise omit,
under the penalty of 100^l each. And have
then there this writ. Witness Peter Tinsley,
clerk of our said Court at Richmond, this
26th day of June, 1809, and in the 33d year of the
commonwealth.

Peter Tinsley, c. c.

To restrain in the hands of the defendants
Jacob Janney, Philip Care, Bernard Hooe,
jun. Philip Slaughter and Fleming Bates,
any money, debts, or effects in their hands
belonging, or due to, the defendant Elisha
Janney, an absent defendant, until the further
order of the court.

Edmund I. Lee,
For the Complainant.

Teste.

PETER TINSLEY, c. c.

2aw2m

Black River Lottery, No 2.

Prizes in the wheel at the close of the 44th
day's drawing.

1 OF	20,000 dollars.
1	500
9	200
24	100
25	50
75	20
2091	10

Only 6,600 tickets to draw.
On the 6th July, which will be the 45th
day of drawing, the first drawn number will
be entitled to 20,000 dollars.

Present price of tickets 15 dollars. A few
warranted undrawn, for sale by

ROBERT GRAY.

July 1.

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Corner of King and Union-streets,
HAS FOR SALE,
2000 bushels coarse and fine Salt, by the
bushel and in sacks.

50 barrels Whiskey.

1000 wt. Rhode Island Cheese.

Goshen do. in casks.

5000 wt. best green Coffee, in bags.

1000 do. white do.

French Brandy.

Jamaica, Antigua, Windward Island, and New

England Rum.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hy-
son Skin Teas, of the latest importations.

Sugar, best Muscovado, in hogsheads and
barrels.

Do. inferior qualities, in do.

Molasses, in hogsheads

Clover Seed, warranted fresh.

Cotton, in bales and by retail.

Candles, mould and dipped.

Loaf and Lump Sugar.

Spanish Cigars, Hamilton's and Garret's

Snuff, in bottles, Writing and Wrapping Pa-

per, Pepper, Allspice, Chewing Tobacco,

Madder, Copperas, Soal Leather, Bed Cords,

Leading Lines, &c. &c.

ALSO,

Best Superfine Flour, for private families,

a few barrels Corn, and some Seed Oats,

Plaster of Paris, &c.

April 17

d

FOR RENT,

THE DWELLING HOUSE of the late
Colonel Hooe, on Water-street—it is spa-
cious and convenient, and has all necessary
outhouses, with a very excellent garden at-
tached to it.

J. H. Hooe,

John Muncaster,

Executors.

Mar. 25.

eoif

YARWOOD'S

Patent Washing Machine.

THE subscriber continues to manufacture
Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine,
which by daily experience proves to answer
the intended purpose, and for which the de-
mand is great. He has already disposed of
his right to the state of Maryland, and some
counties in Virginia, and is willing to dispose
of rights for counties in the different states to
the southward of the Potomac river, and also
for the territory of Louisiana. Masters of
vessels will find it particularly useful.

Wm. C. Newton,

Assignee of Joseph Yarwood.

June 22.

2aw2m

A further proof of Yarwood's useful Washing
Machine.

We the subscribers have found, on trial,
Joseph Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine
to answer fully the intended purpose of wash-
ing cloths of every description, and do hereby
recommend them to the public as a great
saving of soap, labor and cloths. Given un-
der our hands this day of June, 1809.

(Signed)

Dorothea Krouse, Cathinder Calder, Ann
McCarren, Martha Abercrombie, Ruth Devon,
Rebecca Hattersley, Valinda Brown,
Elizabeth Black, Jane B. Swann, H. Dick,
Susanna Rounsville, Elizabeth Wilson, Eli-
zabeth Snyder, Nancy Kell, Sarah Kelsen,
Margaret B. Manley, Mary Fendall,
Mary Steel, Sarah Fitzhugh, Mary Duffey.

Any person who wishes to purchase ready-
made Machines, can be supplied by calling
on the subscriber or John Trout, who is now
manufacturing them on Alfred street, Alex-
andria.

I wish to employ from 15 to 20 hands who
can work at the Joiners' business—also I will
sell out my Grocery Store at the Potomac
bridge, if applied to soon; for which I will<br